

## **Previous Year Paper**

**Chemistry - 2014** 



Exam Year 2014

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## Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The statement that is not correct is
  - A. A furnace filled with haemalite is used to convert cast iron to wrought iron
  - B. Collectors enhance the wettability of mineral particles during froth flotation
  - C. In vapour phase refining, metal should form a volatile compound
  - D. Copper from its low grade ores is extracted by hydrometallurgy

## Answer

- 2. For  $Cr_2O72^- + 14 H^+ + 6e^- \rightarrow 2Cr^{3+} + 7H_2O$ ;  $E^\circ = 1.33 \text{ V. At } [Cr_2O72^-] = 4.5 \text{ millimole, } [Cr^{3+}] = 15 \text{ millimole, } E \text{ is } 1.067 \text{ V. The pH of the solution is nearly equal to}$ 
  - A. 2
  - B. 3
  - C. 5
  - D. 4

## Answer

- 3. 1.78 g of an optically active L-amino acid (A) is treated with NaNO $_3$ / HCl at 0°C. 448 cm $^3$  of nitrogen was at STP is evolved. A sample of protein has 0.25% of this amino acid by mass. The molar mass of the protein is
  - A. 36500 g mol<sup>-1</sup>
  - B. 34500 g mol<sup>-1</sup>
  - C. 35400 g mol<sup>-1</sup>
  - D. 35600 g mol<sup>-1</sup>

## **Answer**

- 4. 10 g of a mixture of BaO and CaO requires 100 cm³ of 2.5 M HCl to react completely. The percentage of calcium oxide in the mixture is approximately (Given: molar mass of BaO = 158)
  - A. 52.6
  - B. 55.1
  - C. 44.9
  - D. 47.4

#### **Answer**

5. The ratio of heats liberated at 298 K from the combustion of one kg of coke and by burning water gas obtained from kg of coke is (Assume coke to be 100% carbon). (Given: enthalpies of ERE Station Blockmark. Dalmi blad Make Notes? Printl. 285r blave Retively talket of the station of the second burning water gas obtained from kg of coke at 298 K from the combustion of one kg of coke and by burning water gas obtained from kg of coke at 298 K from the combustion of one kg of coke and by burning water gas obtained from kg of coke at 298 K from the combustion of one kg of coke and by burning water gas obtained from kg of coke at 298 K from the combustion of one kg of coke and by burning water gas obtained from kg of coke is (Assume coke to be 100% carbon). (Given: enthalpies of ERE Station Blockmark. Dalmi blad Make Notes 285 ml.).



B. 0.69:1

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D. 0.96:1

#### Answer

- 6. Impure copper containing Fe, Au, Ag as impurities is electrolytically refined. A current of 140 A for 482.5 s decreased the mass of the anode by 22.26 g and increased the mass of cathode by 22.011 g. Percentage of iron in impure copper is (Given molar mass Fe = 55.5 g mol<sup>-1</sup>, molar mass Cu = 63.54 g mol<sup>-1</sup>)
  - A. 0.95
  - B. 0.85
  - C. 0.96 = 7
  - D. 0.90

### Answer

- 7. 25 cm³ of oxalic acid completely neutralised 0.064 g of sodium hydroxide. Molarity of the oxalic acid solution is
  - A. 0.064
  - B. 0.045
  - C. 0.015
  - D. 0.032

## Answer

- 8. The statement that is not correct is
  - A. Angular quantum number signifies the shape of the orbital
  - B. Energies of stationary states in hydrogen like atoms is inversely proportional to the square of the principal quantum number
  - C. Total number of nodes for 3s-orbital is three
  - D. The radius of the first orbit of He is half that of the first orbit of hydrogen atom

### Answer

9. For the equilibrium,

$$CaCO_3$$
 (s)  $\rightleftharpoons$  CaO (s) + CO<sub>2</sub> (g);

 $K_D = 1.64 \text{ atm at } 1000 \text{ K}$ 

50 g of  $CaCO_3$  in a 10 L closed vessel is heated to 1000 K. Percentage of  $CaCO_3$  that remains unreacted at equilibrium is (Given, R = 0.082 L atm  $K^{-1}$  mol<sup>-1</sup>).

- A. 40
- B. 50
- C. 60
- D. 20



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A. 2 atm and 600 K

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- C. 6 atm and 1092 K
- D. 4 atm and 500 K

#### **Answer**

- 11. The acid strength of active methylene group in
  - I. CH<sub>3</sub>COCH<sub>2</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>
  - II. CH<sub>3</sub>COCH<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>
  - III. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OOCCH<sub>2</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>

decreases as

- A. | > ||| > ||
- B. I > II > III
- C. || > | > ||
- D. ||| > | > ||

#### Answer

- 12. A metallic oxide reacts with water to from its hydroxide, hydrogen peroxide and also liberates oxygen. The metallic oxide could be
  - A. CaO
  - B. KO<sub>2</sub>
  - C. Li<sub>2</sub>O
  - D. Na<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

#### Answer

- 13. For an ideal binary liquid mixture.
  - A.  $\Delta Smix = 0$ ;  $\Delta Gmix = 0$
  - B.  $\Delta Hmix = 0$ ;  $\Delta Smix < 0$
  - C.  $\Delta Vmix = 0$ ;  $\Delta Gmix > 0$
  - D.  $\Delta Smix > 0$ ;  $\Delta Gmix < 0$

#### **Answer**

- 14. Which one of these is not known?
  - A. CuCl<sub>2</sub>
  - B. Cul<sub>2</sub>
  - C. CuF<sub>2</sub>
  - D. CuBr<sub>2</sub>

## **Answer**

15. A plot of 1T vs k for a reaction gives the slope  $-1 \times 10^4$  K. The energy of activation for the

reaction is (Given,  $R = 8.314 \text{ K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ )



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- C. 12.02 J mol <sup>1</sup>
- D. 83.14 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>

#### Answer

16.  $MnO_2 + HCI \rightarrow \Delta A (g)$ 

A (g) + 
$$F_2$$
 (excess)  $\rightarrow$ 573 K B (g)

$$B(I) + U(s) \rightarrow C(g) + D(g)$$

The gases A, B, C and D are respectively

- A. Cl<sub>2</sub>, CIF, UF<sub>6</sub>, CIF<sub>3</sub>
- B. Cl<sub>2</sub>, ClF<sub>3</sub>, UF<sub>6</sub>, ClF
- C. O<sub>2</sub>, OF<sub>2</sub>, U<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>
- D. O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub>, U<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, OF<sub>2</sub>

#### Answer

- 17. One mole of ammonia was completely absorbed in one litre solution each of
  - I. 1 M HCl
  - II. 1 M CH<sub>3</sub>COOH
  - III. 1 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 298 K

The decreasing order for the pH of the resulting solution is (Given  $K_b$  (NH<sub>3</sub>) = 4.74)

- A. || > ||| > |
- B. | > | | > | | |
- C. |I| > |I|
- D. |I| > |I| > |I|

## Answer

- 18. 5.5 mg of nitrogen gas dissolves in 180 g of water at 273 K and 1 atm pressure due to nitrogen gas. The mole fraction of nitrogen in 180 g of water at 5 atm nitrogen pressure is approximately
  - A.  $1 \times 10^{-6}$
  - B.  $1 \times 10^{-5}$
  - C.  $1 \times 10^{-3}$
  - D.  $1 \times 10^{-4}$

## **Answer**

19. 50 cm $^3$  of 0.04 M K $_2$ Cr $_2$ O $_7$  in acidic medium oxidises a sample of H $_2$ S gas to sulphur. Volume of 0.03 M KMnO $_4$  required to oxidize the same amount of H $_2$ S gas to sulphur, in acidic medium is

A. 60 cm



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D. 120 cm<sup>3</sup>

#### Answer

- 20. The pair of compounds having identical shapes for their molecules is
  - A. CH<sub>4</sub>, SF<sub>4</sub>
  - B. BCl<sub>3</sub>, CIF<sub>3</sub>
  - C. XeF<sub>2</sub>, ZnCl<sub>2</sub>
  - D. SO<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>

## Answer

21. Conductivity of a saturated solution of a sparingly soluble salt AB at 298 K is  $1.85\ 10^{-6}\ Sm^{-1}$ . Solubility product of the salt AB at 298 K is

(Given,  $\Lambda$ °m (AB) = 140 Sm<sup>2</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>)

- A.  $5.7 \times 10^{-12}$
- B.  $1.32 \times 10^{-12}$
- C.  $7.5 \times 10^{-12}$
- D. 1.74

#### Answer

- 22. Among the elements from atomic number 1 to 36, the number of elements which have an unpaired electron in their s subshell is
  - A. 2
  - B. 7
  - C. 6
  - D. 9

## **Answer**

- 23. The statement that is not correct is
  - A. Compressibility factor measures the deviation of real gas from ideal behaviour
  - B. Van der Waals constant 'a' measures extent of intermolecular attractive forces for real gases
  - C. Cnlical temperature is the lowest temperature at which liquefaction of a gas first occurs
  - D. Boyle point depends on the nature of real gas

#### Answer

- 24. The correct arrangement for the ions in the increasing order of their radii is
  - A. Na<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>-</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>



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#### Answer

- 25. The correct arrangement of the species in the decreasing order of the bond length between carbon and oxygen in them is
  - A. CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, HCO2-, CO32-
  - B. CO<sub>2</sub>,CO, CO32-, HCHO2-
  - C. CO32-, HCO2-, CO<sub>2</sub>, CO
  - D. CO, CO32-, CO<sub>2</sub>, HCO2-

#### Answer

- 26. The species that is not hydrolysed in water is
  - A. P<sub>4</sub>O<sub>10</sub>
  - B. BaO<sub>2</sub>
  - C. Mg<sub>8</sub>N<sub>2</sub>
  - D. CaC<sub>2</sub>

#### **Answer**

- 27. For the properties mentioned, the correct trend for the different species is in
  - A. strength as Lewis acid BCl<sub>3</sub> > AlCl<sub>3</sub> > GaCl<sub>3</sub>
  - B. inert pair effect Al > Ga > In
  - C. oxidising property  $Al^{3+} > In^{3+} > Ti^{3+}$
  - D. first ionization enthalpy B > Al > Ti

## Answer

- 28. A correct statement is
  - A.  $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$  is paramagnetic
  - B.  $[MnBr_4]^{2-}$  is tetrahedral
  - C. [CoBr<sub>2</sub>(en)<sub>2</sub>] exhibits linkage isomerism
  - D.  $[Ni(NH_3)_6]^{2+}$  is an inner orbital complex

#### Answer

- 29. An aromatic compound 'A'  $(C_7H_9N)$  on reacting with  $NaNO_2/HCl$  at 0°C forms benzyl alcohol and nitrogen gas. The number of isomers possible for the compound 'A' is
  - A. 5
  - B. 7
  - C. 3
  - D. 6

#### **Answer**

30. Conversion of oxygen into ozone is non-spontaneous at Like. Share. Bookmark. Download. Make Notes. Print - Your Favourite Questions. Join www.zigya.com



B. high temperature

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D. low temperature

#### Answer

31. Carbocation as an intermediate is likely to be formed in the reaction

A. Propene + Cl₂ →hv 2-chloropropane

B. Acetone + HCN →-OH acetonecyano hydrin

C. Ethylbromide + aq.KOH  $\rightarrow \Delta$  ethyl alcohol

D. Hexane →anhy. AlCl3/ HCl 2-methyl pentane

#### **Answer**

 $H + CH_3MgBr \xrightarrow{Ether} A \xrightarrow{H_2O/H^+} B$ 

32.

The IUPAC name of 'B' is

A. 3-methylbutan-2-ol

B. 2-methylbutan-3-ol

C. 2-methylbutan-2-ol

D. pentan-2-ol

#### **Answer**

33. The correct sequence of reactions to be performed to convert benzene into m-bromoaniline is

A. nitration, reduction, bromination

B. bromination, nitration, reduction

C. nitration, bromination, reduction

D. reduction, nitration, bromination

#### Answer

34. The compound that reacts the fastest with sodium methoxide is

CI NO<sub>2</sub>

Α.



В.



## Chemistry 35. The corrector papement is



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A. Cyclohexadene and cyclohexene cannot be isolated with ease during controlled Study Assignments, Solved Previous Year Papers . Questions and Answers. Free Forever.

- B. One mole each of benzene and hydrogen when reacted gives 1/3 mole of cyclohexane and 2/3 mole unreacted hydrogen
- C. Hydrogenation of benzene to cyclohexane is an endothermic process
- D. It is easier to hydrogenate benzene when compared to cyclohexene

## Answer

- 36. The statement that is not correct is
  - A. Hypophosphorous acid reduces silver nitrate to silver
  - B. In solid state PCl<sub>5</sub> exists as [PCl<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> [PCl<sub>6</sub>]<sup>-</sup>
  - C. Pure phosphine is non-inflammable
  - D. Phosphorous acid on heating disproportionates to give metaphosphonic acid and phosphine

### Answer

- 37. In which one of the pairs of ion given, there is an ion that forms a coordination compound with both aqueous sodium hydroxide and ammonia and an other ion that forms a coordination compound only with aqueous sodium hydroxide?
  - A. Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>
  - B. Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Al<sup>3+</sup>
  - C. Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup>
  - D. Al<sup>3+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup>

#### **Answer**

- 38. A crystalline solid X reacts with dil. HCl to liberate a gas Y. Y decolourises acidified  $KMnO_4$ . When a gas 'Z' is slowly passed into an aqueous solution of Y, colloidal sulphur is obtained X and Z could be respectively
  - A. Na<sub>2</sub>S, SO<sub>3</sub>
  - B. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S
  - C. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S
  - D. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>

### Answer

39. A solution of 1.25 of 'P' in 50 g of water lowers freezing point by 0.3°0. Molar mass of 'P' is 94.

 $K_f(water) = 1.86 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The degree of association of 'P' in water is

- A. 80%
- B. 60%
- C. 65%
- D. 75%



40. Volume occupied by single CsCl ion pair in a crystal is  $7.014 \times 10^{-23}$  cm $^3$ . The smallest Cs-Cs Study, Assignments, Solved Previous Year Papers . Questions and Answers. Free Forever. internuclear distance is equal to length of the side of the cube corresponding to volume of one

CsCl ion pair. The smallest Cs to Cs internuclear distance is nearly

- A. 4.4 Å
- B. 4.3 Å
- C. 4 Å
- D. 4.5 Å

#### **Answer**

- 41. Gold sol is not
  - A. a macromolecular colloid
  - B. a lyophobic colloid
  - C. a multimolecular colloid
  - D. negatively charged colloid

#### **Answer**

42. For hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell at 1 atm and 298 K

$$H_2(g) + 12O_2(g) \rightarrow H_2O(I)$$
;  $\Delta G^{\circ} = -240 \text{ kJ}$ 

 $E^{\circ}$  for the cell is approximately, (Given F = 96500 C)

- A. 2.48 V
- B. 1.25 V
- C. 2.5 V
- D. 1.26 V

### **Answer**

- 43. The correct statement is
  - A. The earlier members of lanthanoid series resemble calcium in their chemical properties.
  - B. The extent of actinoid contraction is almost the same as lanthanoid contraction.
  - C. In general, lanthanoid and actinoids do not show variable oxidation states.
  - D. Ce<sup>4+</sup> in aqueous solution is not known.

#### **Answer**

- 44. For Freundlich isotherm a graph of  $\log x/m$  is plotted against  $\log p$ . The slope of the line and its y-axis intercept, respectively corresponds to
  - A. 1n, k
  - B. log 1n, k
  - C. 1n, log k
  - D. log 1n, log k

#### **Answer**

45. The IUPAC name of the complex ion formed when gold dissolves in aqua-regia is Like. Share. Bookmark. Download. Make Notes. Print - Your Favourite Questions. Join www.zigya.com



B. tetrachloridoaurate (I)

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D. dichloridoaurate (III)

## Answer

- 46. A (g)  $\rightarrow \Delta$  P (g) + Q (g) + R (g), follows first order kinetics with a half-life of 69.3 s at 500°C. Starting from the gas 'A' enclosed in a container at 500°C and at a pressure of 0.4 atm, the total pressure of the system after 230 s will be
  - A. 1.15 atm
  - B. 1.32 atm
  - C. 1.22 atm
  - D. 1.12 atm

## Answer

- 47. A crystalline sold XY<sub>3</sub> has *ccp* arrangement for its element Y. X occupies
  - A. 66% of tetrahedral voids
  - B. 33% of tetrahedral voids
  - C. 66% of octahedral voids
  - D. 33% of octahedral voids

#### **Answer**

48. Match the reactant in Column I with the reaction in Column II.

Column I	Column II
A. Acetic acid	i. Stephen
B. Sodium phenate	ii. Friedel Crafts
C. Methyl cyanide	iii. HVZ
D. Toulene	iv. Kolbe's

#### Answer

49. X → (Reductive)Ozonolysis Y + Z

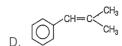
Y can be obtained by Etard's reaction, Z undergoes disproportionation reaction with concentrated alkali. X could be





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#### Answer

- 50.  $P \rightarrow (ii)$  H30+(i) CH3MgBr R  $\rightarrow \Delta(i)$  dil. NaOH 4-methylpent-3-en-2-one P is
  - A. propanone
  - B. ethanamine
  - C. ethanenitrile
  - D. ethanal

#### Answer

- 51. When CH<sub>2</sub>=CH-O-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub> reacts with one mole of HI, one of the products formed is
  - A. ethane
  - B. ethanol
  - C. iodoethene
  - D. ethanal

## Answer

- 52. 0.44 g of a monohydric alcohol when added to methylmagnesium iodide in ether liberates at STP, 112 cm³ of methane. With PCC the same alcohol forms a carbonyl compound that answers silver mirror test. The monohydric alcohol is
  - A. H<sub>3</sub>C-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>
  - B. (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C-CH<sub>2</sub>OH
  - C. H<sub>3</sub>C-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>
  - D. (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CH-CH<sub>2</sub>OH

#### **Answer**

$$\begin{array}{c}
OH \\
\hline
C_6H_5COCl/base \\
\hline
Y (major product).
\end{array}$$

Y is

53.

A. 
$$O_2$$
 $O_2$ 
 $O_2$ 



## Answer

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- 54. Acetophenone cannot be prepared easily starting from
  - A. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>3</sub>
  - B. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
  - C. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>C≡CH
  - D. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

#### **Answer**

- 55. An incorrect statement with respect to  $S_N1$  and  $S_N2$  mechanisms for alkyl halide is
  - A. A strong nucleophile in an aprotic solvent increases the rate or favours  $S_{\scriptscriptstyle N}2$  reaction.
  - B. Competing reaction for an  $S_N 2$  reaction is rearrangement.
  - C.  $S_N1$  reactions can be catalysed by some Lewis acids.
  - D. A weak nucleophile and a protic solvent increases the rate or favours  $S_N1$  reaction.

#### Answer

- 56. Butylated hydroxyl toluene as a food additive acts as
  - A. antioxidant
  - B. flavouring agent
  - C. colouring agnet
  - D. emulsifier

#### Answer

- 57. 'Terylene is not a
  - A. copolymer
  - B. polyester fibre
  - C. chain growth polymer
  - D. step growth polymer

## Answer

- 58. Iodoform reaction is answered by all, except
  - A. CH<sub>3</sub>-CH(OH)-CH<sub>2</sub>-COOH
  - B. CH<sub>3</sub>CHO
  - C. CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH
  - D. CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>OH

#### **Answer**

- 59.  $C_6H_5COOH$  →(ii)  $\Delta$ (i) NH3 P →NaOBr Q →(ii) Heat at 460 K(i) Conc. H2SO4 R
  - R is
    - A. o-bromo sulphanilic acid
    - B. sulphanilamide

# Chemistry DJEED200104sulphanilamide



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Answer

- Study, Assignments, Solved Previous Year Papers . Questions and Answers. Free Forever. 60. The statement that is not correct is
  - A. Aldose or ketose sugars in alkailne medium do not isomerise
  - B. Carbohydrates are optically active
  - C. Pentaacetate of glucose does not react with hydroxylamine
  - D. Lactose has glycosidc linkage between  $C_4$  of glucose and  $C_1$  of galactose unit.

Answer