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## Previous Year Paper

Physics - 2009

## : 三 Multiple Choice Questions

1. The number of significant figures in the numbers $4.8000 \times 10^{4}$ and 48000.50 are respectively
A. 5 and 6
B. 5 and 7
C. 2 and 7
D. 2 and 6

Answer
2. A body of mass $m$ moving along a straight line covers half the distance with a speed of $2 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. The remaining half of the distance is covered in two equal time intervals with a speed of 3 $\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$ and $5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ respectively. The average speed of the particle for the entire journey is
A. $38 \mathrm{~ms}-1$
B. $83 \mathrm{~ms}-1$
C. $43 \mathrm{~ms}-1$
D. $163 \mathrm{~ms}-1$

Answer
3. The moment of inertia ofa circular ring of radius $r$ and mass $M$ about diameteris
A. 25 Mr 2
B. Mr24
C. Mr22
D. Mr212

Answer
4. A body of mass 0.05 kg is observed to fall with an acceleration of $9.5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$. The opposing force of air on the body is $\left(\mathrm{g}=9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}\right)$
A. 0.015 N
B. 0.15 N
C. 0.030 N
D. zero

Answer
5. Three concurrent co-planar forces $1 \mathrm{~N}, 2 \mathrm{~N}$ and 3 N acting along different directions on a body
A. can keep the body in equilibrium if 2 N and 3 N act at right angle
B. can keep the body in equilibrium if 1 N and 2 N act at right angle
given an initial velocity of $0.15 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. in the direction shown in the figure. The maximum compression of the spring during the motion is

A. 0.01 m
B. 0.02 m
C. 0.05 m
D. 0.03 m

Answer
7. The work done by a force acting on a body is as shown in the graph. The total work done in covering an initial distance of 20 m is

A. 225 J
B. 200 J
C. 400 J
D. 175 J

Answer
8. A door 1.6 m wide requires a force of 1 N to be applied at the free end to open or close it. The force that is required at a point 0.4 m distance from the hinges for opening or closing the door is
A. 1.2 N
B. 3.6 N
C. 2.4 N
D. 4 N

Answer
9. A planet revolves around the sun in an elliptical orbit. The linear speed of the planet will be maximum at

A. D
B. $B$
C. A
D. C

Answer
10. Two sources are said to be coherent if they produce waves
A. having a constant phase difference
B. of equal wavelength
C. of equal speed
D. having same shape of wavefront

Answer
11. According to Newton's corpuscular theory, the speed of light is
A. same in all the media
B. lesser in rarer medium
C. lesser in denser medium
D. independent of the medium

Answer
12. Which of the following is not a thermodynamic coordinate ?
A. Gas constant (R)
B. Pressure (p)
C. Volume (V)
D. Temperature (T)

Answer
13. Two solid pieces, one of steel and the other of aluminium when immersed completely in water have equal weights. When the solid pieces are weighed in air
A. the weight of aluminium is half the weight of steel
B. steel piece will weigh more
C. they have the same weight
D. aluminium piece will weigh more

Answer
14. The colloidal solution in which both the dispersed phase and dispersion medium are liquids are called
A. emulsions
B. gels

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15. Sound waves transfer
A. only energy not momentum
B. energy
C. momentum
D. Both (a) and (b)

Answer
16. $0.1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ of water at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is mixed with $0.3 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ of water at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The final temperature of the mixture is
A. $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
B. $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C. $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D. $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Answer
17. A graph of pressure versus volume for an ideal gas for different processes is as shown. In the graph curve OC represents

A. isochoric process
B. isothermal process
C. isobaric process
D. adiabatic process

Answer
18. Which of the following statement does not hold good for thermal radiation ?
A. The wavelength changes when it travels from one medium to another
B. The frequency changes when it travels from one medium to another
C. The speed changes when it travels from one medium to another
D. They travel in straight line in a given medium

Answer
19. The amount of heat energy radiated by a metal at temperature $T$ is $E$. When the temperature is increased to $3 T$, energy radiated is
A. 81 E

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## Answer

20. A stationary point source of sound emits sound uniformly in all directions in a non-absorbing medium. Two points P and Q are at a distance of 4 m and 9 m respectively from the source. The ratio of amplitudes of the waves at $P$ and $Q$ is
A. 32
B. 49
C. 23
D. 94

Answer
21. $y=3 \sin \pi t 2-x 4$ represents an equation of a progressive wave, where $t$ is in second and $x$ is in metre. The distance travelled by the wave in 5 s is
A. 8 m
B. 10 m
C. 5 m
D. 32 m

Answer
22. A cylindrical tube open at both the ends has a fundamental frequency of 390 Hz in air. If 14 th of the tube is immersed vertically in water the fundamental frequency of air column is
A. 260 Hz
B. 130 Hz
C. 390 Hz
D. 520 Hz

Answer
23. The surface temperature of the stars is determined using
A. Planck's law
B. Wien's displacement law
C. Rayleigh-Jeans law
D. Kirchhoff's Iaw

Answer
24. Horizontal tube of non-uniform corss-section has radii of 0.1 m and 0.05 m respectively at M and $N$. For a streamline flow of iquid the rate of liquid flow is


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D. same at M and N

Answer
25. A direct current I flows along the length of an infinitely long straight thin walled pipe, then the magnetic field is
A. uniform throughout the pipe but not zero
B. zero only along the axis of the pipe
C. zero at any point inside the pipe
D. maximum at the centre and minimum at the edge

Answer
26. Three resistors $1 \Omega, 2 \Omega$ and $3 \Omega$ are connected to form a triangle. Across $3 \Omega$ res1stor a 3 V battery is connected. The current through $3 \Omega$ resistor is
A. 0.75 A
B. 1 A
C. 2 A
D. 1.5 A

Answer
27. Ferromagnetic materials used in a transformer must have
A. Iow permeability and high hysterisis loss
B. high permeability and low hysterisis loss
C. high permeability and high hysterisis loss
D. Iow permeability and Iow hysterisis loss

Answer
28. The accurate measurement of emf can be obtained using
A. multimeter
B. voltmeter
C. voltameter
D. potentiometer

## Answer

29. An electric heater rated 220 V and 550 W is connected to AC mains. The current drawn by it is
A. 0.8 A
B. 2.5 A
C. 0.4 A
D. 1.25 A

Answer
30. In fog, photographs of the objects taken with infrared radiations are more clear than those

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D. scattering of I-R light is less than visible light

Answer
31. The resistance of a wire at 300 K is found to be 0.32 . If the temperature coefficient of resistance of wire is $1.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$, the temperature at which the resistance becomes $0.6 \Omega$ is
A. 720 K
B. 345 K
C. 993 K
D. 690 K

## Answer

32. A resistor and a capacitor are connected in series with an AC source. If the potential drop across the capacitor is 5 V and that across resistor is 12 V , then applied voltage is
A. 13 V
B. 17 V
C. 5 V
D. 12 V

Answer
33. A galvanometer of resistance $240 \Omega$ allows only $4 \%$ of the main current after connecting a shunt resistance. The value of the shunt resistance is
A. $10 \Omega$
B. $20 \Omega$
C. $8 \Omega$
D. $5 \Omega$

Answer
34. An $\alpha$-particle of mass $6.4 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg}$ and charge $3.2 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}$ is situated in a uniform electnc field of $1.6 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$. The velocity of the particle at the end of $2 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}$ path when it starts from rest is
A. $23 \times 105 \mathrm{~ms}-1$
B. $8 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
C. $16 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
D. $42 \times 105 \mathrm{~ms}-1$

Answer
35. The charge deposited on $4 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor in the circuit is

A. $6 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{C}$
B. $12 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{C}$
C. $24 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{C}$
D. $36 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{C}$

Answer
36. A coil of $n$ number of turns is wound tightly in the form of a spiral with inner and outer radii a and $b$ respectively. When a current of strength is passed through the coil, the magnetic field at its centre is
A. $\mu 0$ nlb - a loge ab
B. $\mu 0 \mathrm{nl} 2 \mathrm{~b}-\mathrm{a}$
C. $2 \mu 0 \mathrm{nlb}$
D. $\mu 0 \mathrm{n} I 2 \mathrm{~b}$ - a loge ba

Answer
37. The electric potential at any point $x, y, z$ in metres is given by $V=3 x^{2}$. The electric field at a point $(2,0,1)$ is
A. $12 \mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$
B. $-6 \mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$
C. $6 \mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$
D. $-12 \mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$

Answer
38. Near a circular loop of conducting wire as shown in the figure an electron moves along a straight line. The direction of the induced current if any in the loop is

A. variable

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39. The magnetic dipole moment of a current loop is independent of
A. magnetic field in which it is lying
B. number of turns
C. area of the loop
D. current in the loop

Answer
40. In ruby laser, the stimulated emission is due to transition from
A. metastable state to any lower state
B. any higher state to lower state
C. metastable state to ground state
D. any higher state to ground state

Answer
41. A convex lens made of glass has focal length 0.15 m in air. Ifthe refractive index of glass is 32 and that of water is 43, the focal length of lens when immersed in water is
A. 0.45 m
B. 0.15 m
C. 0.30 m
D. 0.6 m

Answer
42. In a common emitter amplifier the input signal is applied across
A. anywhere
B. emitter-collector
C. collector-base
D. base-emitter

Answer
43. In a radioactive disintegration, the ratio of initial number of atoms to the number of atoms present at an instant of time equal to its mean life is
A. 1 e 2
B. 1 e
C. e
D. $e^{2}$

Answer
44. A ray oflight is incident on a surface of glass slab at an angle $45^{\circ}$. If the lateral shift produced per unit thickness is 13 m , the angle of refraction produced is
A. tan-1 32
B. $\tan -1$ - 23
C. $\sin -1$ 1-23

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 equal to
A. $(2 n+1) \lambda$
B. $2 n \pi$
C. $n \lambda$
D. $2 n+1 \lambda 2$

Answer
46. The kinetic energy of an electron gets tripled, then the, de-Broglie wavelength associated with it changes by a factor
A. 13
B. 3
C. 13
D. 3

Answer
47. The amount of energy released when one microgram of matter is annihilated is
A. 25 kWh
B. $9 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{kWh}$
C. $3 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{kWh}$
D. $0.5 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{kWh}$

Answer
48. $\beta$-decay means emission of electron from
A. innermost electron orbit
B. a stable nucleus
C. outermost electron orbit
D. radioactive nucleus

Answer
49. G P Thomson experimentally confirmed the existence of matter waves by the phenomena
A. diffraction
B. refraction
C. polarisation
D. scattering

Answer
50. Two luminous point sources separated by a certain distance are at 10 km from an observer. If the aperture of his eye is $2.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$ and the wavelength of light used is 500 nm , the distance of separation between the point sources just seen to be resolved is

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51. The spectral series of the hydrogen atom that lies in the visible region of the electromagnetic spectrum
A. Paschen
B. Balmer
C. Lyman
D. Brackett

Answer
52. The angle of minimum deviation for an incident light ray on an equilateral prism is equal to its refracting angle. The refractive index of its material is
A. 12
B. 3
C. 32
D. 32

Answer
53. In the following combinations of logic gates, the outputs of $A, B$ and $C$ are respectively
(A)

(B)

(C)

A. $0,1,1$
B. $0,1,0$
C. $1,1,0$
D. $1,0,1$

Answer
54. The phenomena in which proton flips is
A. nuclear magnetic resonance
B. lasers
C. radioactivity
D. nuclear fusion

Answer
55. According to the quark model, it is possible to build all the hadrons using
A. 2 quarks and 3 antiquarks

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B.JEET20089and 2 antiquarks
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Answer
56. A parallel beam of light is incident on a converging lens parallel to its principal axis. As one moves away from the lens on the other side of the principal axis, the intensity of light
A. first decreases and then increases
B. continuously increases
C. continuously decreases
D. first increases and then decreases

Answer
57. Continuous emission spectrum is produced by
A. incandescent electric Iamp
B. mercury vapour lamp
C. sodium vapour Iamp
D. polyatomic substances

Answer
58. A ray of light is incident on a plane mirror at an angle of $60^{\circ}$. The angle of deviation produced by the mirror is
A. $120^{\circ}$
B. $30^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer
59. Young's double slit experiment gives interference fringes of width 0.3 mm . A thin glass plate made of material of refractive index 1.5 is kept in the path oflight from one of the slits, then the fringe width becomes
A. zero
B. 0.3 mm
C. 0.45 mm
D. 0.15 mm

Answer
60. Hydrogen atom from excited state comes to the ground stage by emitting a photon of wavelength $\lambda$. If $R$ is the Rydberg constant, the principal quantum number $n$ of the excited state
A. $\lambda R \lambda R-1$
B. $\lambda \lambda R-1$
C. $\lambda R 2 \lambda R-1$
D. $\lambda R \lambda-1$

